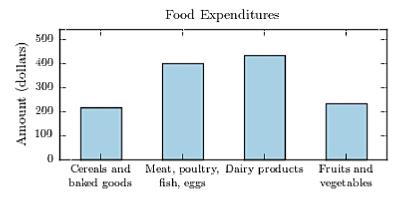
Test Bank for Essential Statistics 1st Edition by Navidi

Full Download: http://downloadlink.org/product/test-bank-for-essential-statistics-1st-edition-by-navidi/

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) The following bar graph presents the average amount a certain family spent, in dollars, on 1) ______ various food categories in a recent year.

On which food category was the most money spent?



A) Dairy products

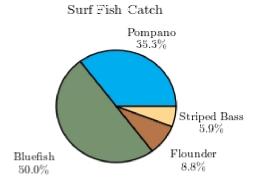
B) Fruits and vegetables

C) Cereals and baked goods

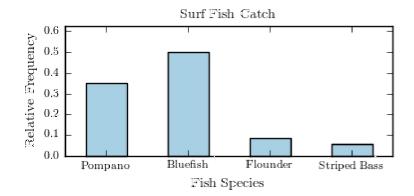
- D) Meat poultry, fish, eggs
- 2) The following pie chart presents the percentages of fish caught in each of four ratings categories.

2) _____

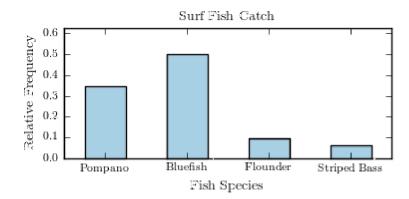
Match this pie chart with its corresponding bar graph.



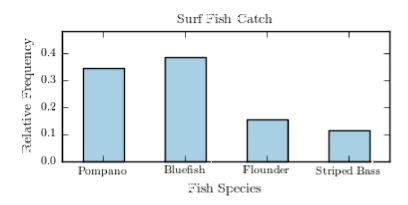
A)



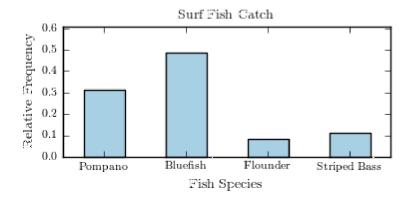
B)



C)



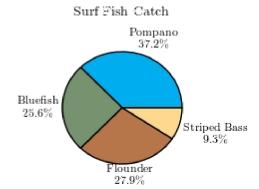
D)

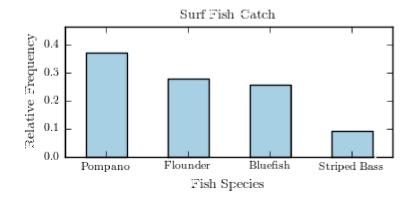


3) The following pie chart presents the percentages of fish caught in each of four ratings categories.

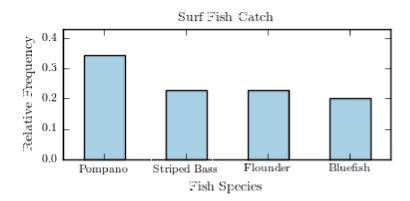
3) _____

Match this pie chart with its corresponding Parato chart.

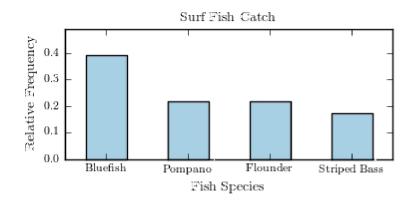




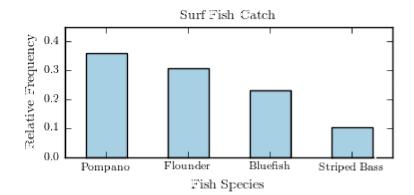
B)



C)



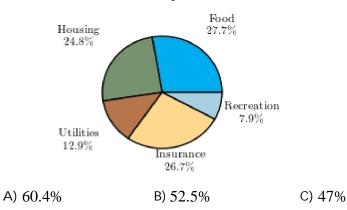
D)



4) Following is a pie chart that presents the percentages spent by a certain household on its five largest annual expenditures. What percentage of the money spent was spent on food, housing, and utilities?

4) ____

Household Expenditures



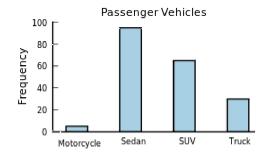
D) 65.4%

5) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

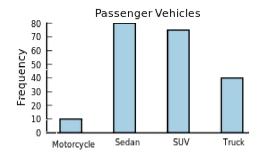
5)

Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	15
Sedan	85
SUV	50
Truck	25

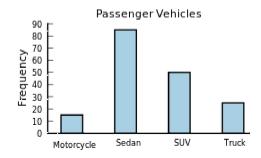
Construct a frequency bar graph for the data.

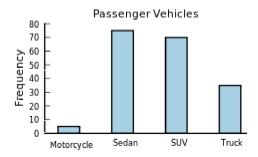


B)



C)





6) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

6)

Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	7
Sedan	79
SUV	78
Truck	45

What is the relative frequency of the SUV category?

A) 78

- B) 0.987
- c) 0.373
- D) 78%

7) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	13
Sedan	78
SUV	88
Truck	35

Construct a relative frequency distribution for the data.

A)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.13
Sedan	0.78
SUV	0.88
Truck	0.35

B)

V	ehicle Type	Relative Frequency
1	Motorcycle	0.148
	Sedan	0.886
	SUV	1
	Truck	0.398

C)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.061
Sedan	0.364
SUV	0.411
Truck	0.164

D)

Vehicle Type	Relative Frequency
Motorcycle	0.061%
Sedan	0.364%
SUV	0.411%
Truck	0.164%

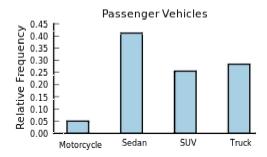
8) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

8)	

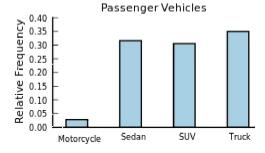
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	7
Sedan	58
SUV	36
Truck	40

Construct a relative frequency bar graph for the data.

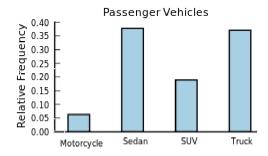
A)



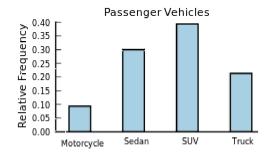
B)



C)



D)



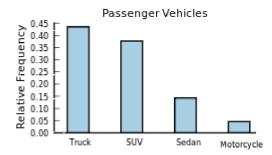
9) The following frequency distribution presents the frequency of passenger vehicles that pass through a certain intersection from 8:00 AM to 9:00 AM on a particular day.

9)	

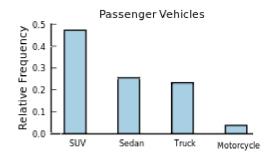
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	5
Sedan	33
SUV	61
Truck	30

Construct a relative frequency Parato chart for the data.

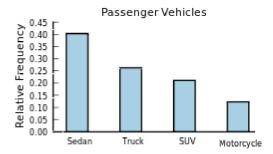
A)

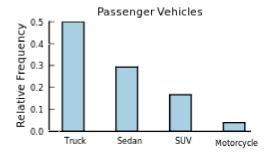


B)



C)

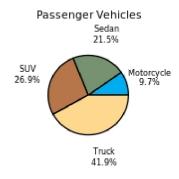




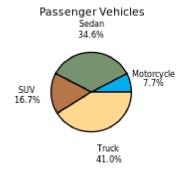
Vehicle Type	Frequency
Motorcycle	6
Sedan	26
SUV	30
Truck	21

Construct a pie chart for the data.

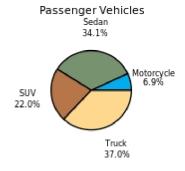
A)

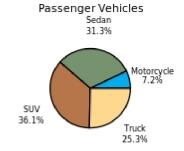


B)

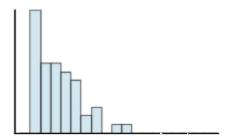


C)





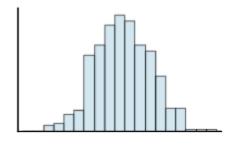
11) Classify the histogram as skewed to the left, skewed to the right, or approximately symmetric.



- A) skewed to the left
- B) approximately symmetric
- C) skewed to the right

12) Classify the histogram as unimodal or bimodal.



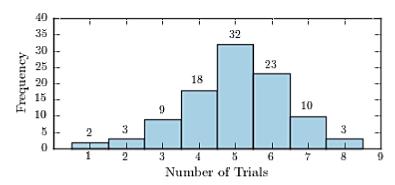


A) unimodal

B) bimodal

13) One hundred students are shown an eight-digit number on a piece of cardboard for three seconds and are asked to then recite the number from memory. The process is repeated until the student accurately recites the entire number from memory. The following histogram presents the number of trials it took each student to memorize the number.





How many students memorized the number in three trials or less?

A) 86

B) 5

c) 14

Weight (lb)	Frequency
130-137	3
138-145	2
146-153	8
154-161	3
162-169	5
170-177	9
178-185	5
186-193	2

What is the class width?

A) 9

B) 64

C) 8

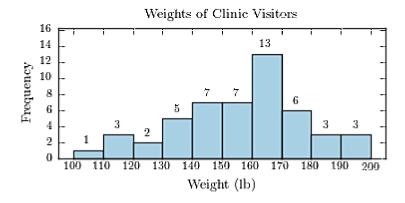
D) 7

15) The following frequency distribution presents the weights in pounds (lb) of a sample of visitors to a health clinic.

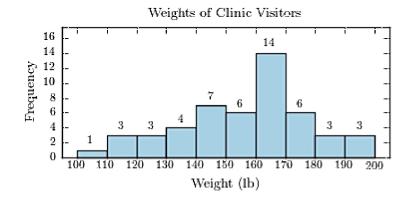
Weights of Clinic Visitors		
Weight (lb)	Frequency	
100 - 109	1	
110 - 119	3	
120 - 129	3	
130 - 139	4	
140 - 149	7	
150 - 159	7	
160 - 169	13	
170 - 179	6	
180 - 189	3	
190 - 199	3	

Construct a frequency histogram.

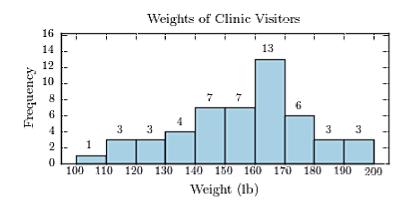
A)

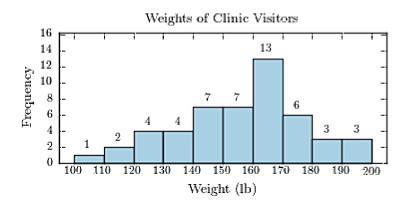


B)



C)

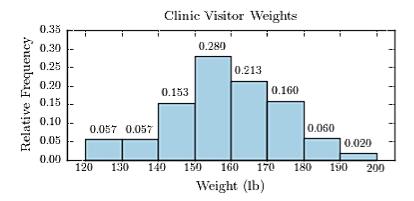




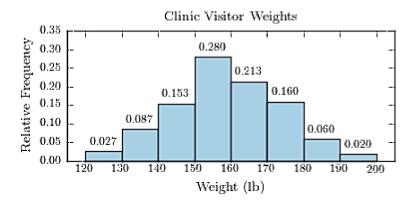
Clinic Visitor Weights		
Weight (lb)	Frequency	
120-129	4	
139-139	13	
140 - 149	23	
150-159	42	
160-169	32	
170-179	24	
180-189	9	
190-199	3	

Construct a relative frequency histogram.

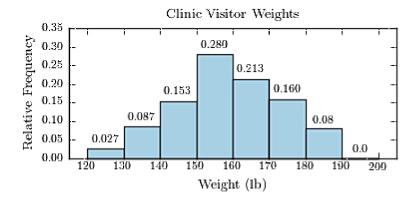
A)



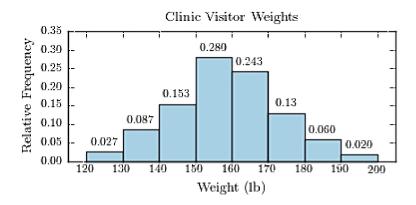
B)



C)



D)



17) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

17) ____

Construct a frequency distribution using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

76.59	48.55	93.66	60.17	39.10
93.28	65.43	34.12	80.41	77.16
80.07	93.46	39.19	43.84	44.70
68.74	89.98	6.97	52.86	68.93

Convenience Store	Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Frequency
0.00-9.99	1
10.00 - 19.99	0
20.00-29.99	0
30.00-39.99	3
40.00 - 49.99	3
50.00-59.99	1
60.00-69.99	4
70.00-79.99	2
80.00-89.99	4
90.00-99.99	2

B) Convenience Store Gas Purchases

Amount (dollars)	Frequency
0.00-9.99	1
10.00 – 19.99	0
20.00-29.99	0
30.00-39.99	3
40.00 - 49.99	3
50.00-59.99	1
60.00-69.99	4
70.00-79.99	2
80.00-89.99	3
90.00-99.99	3

C)

Convenience Store	Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Frequency

Convenience Leare	Creat I discussion
Amount (dollars)	Frequency
0.00-9.99	1
10.00 - 19.99	0
20.00-29.99	1
30.00-39.99	2
40.00 – 49.99	3
50.00-59.99	1
60.00-69.99	4
70.00-79.99	2
80.00-89.99	3
90.00-99.99	3

D)

Convenience Store	Gas Purchases
Amount (dollars)	Frequency
0.00-9.99	1
10.00 - 19.99	0
20.00-29.99	0
30.00-39.99	4
40.00-49.99	2
50.00-59.99	1
60.00-69.99	4
70.00-79.99	2
80.00-89.99	3
90.00-99.99	3

18) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

18) ____

Construct a relative frequency distribution using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

44.52	72.67	51.20	59.41	64.86
98.05	80.24	56.18	51.93	46.17
88.08	46.49	24.48	50.26	36.77
27.61	6.56	22.75	36.65	74.55

Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00 - 49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.250
60.00-69.99	0.050
70.00-79.99	0.100
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

B)

Convenience Store Gas Purchases

Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00-49.93	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.250
60.00-69.99	0.040
70.00-79.99	0.110
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

C)

Convenience Store Gas Purchases

Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency
0.00-9.99	0.050
10.00 - 19.99	0.000
20.00-29.99	0.150
30.00-39.99	0.100
40.00 - 49.99	0.150
50.00-59.99	0.240
60.00-69.99	0.060
70.00-79.99	0.100
80.00-89.99	0.100
90.00-99.99	0.050

D)

Convenience Store Gas Purchases						
Amount (dollars)	Relative Frequency					
0.00-9.99	0.035					
10.00 - 19.99	0.015					
20.00-29.99	0.150					
30.00-39.99	0.100					
40.00 - 49.99	0.150					
50.00-59.99	0.250					
60.00-69.99	0.050					
70.00 - 79.99	0.100					
80.00-89.99	0.100					
90.00-99.99	0.050					

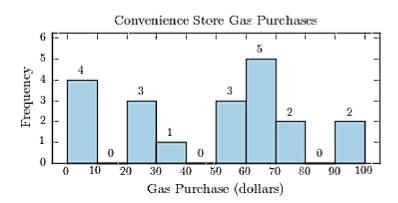
19) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

19) _____

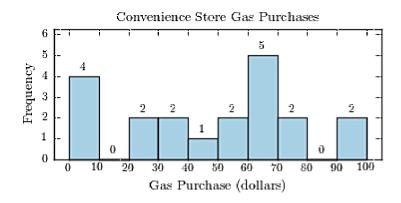
Construct a frequency histogram using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

95	99	4	75	23
26	27	65	68	69
31	7	72	67	46
0	46	1	53	67

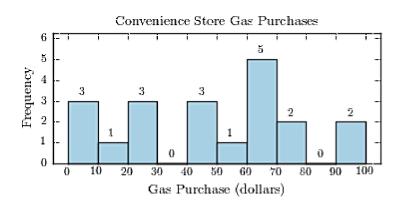
A)



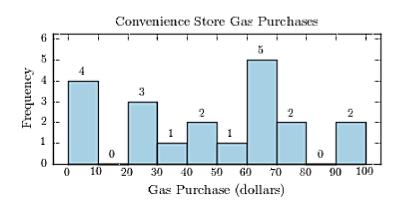
B)



C)



D)

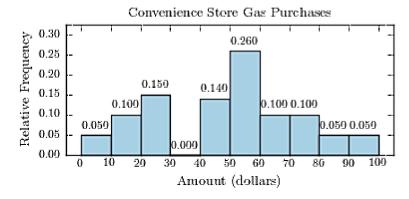


20) The following table presents the purchase totals (in dollars) of a random sample of gasoline purchases at a convenience store.

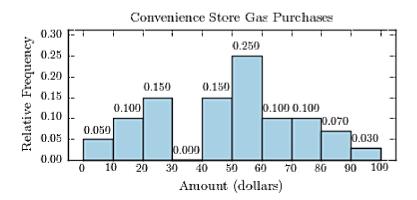
20) __

Construct a relative frequency histogram using a class width of 10, and using 0 as the lower class limit for the first class.

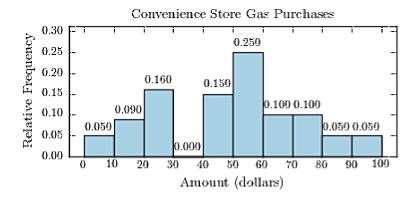
22.75	53.99	60.56	86.86	10.98
28.88	77.87	5.04	68.60	40.07
74.42	52.19	94.89	29.08	50.87
13.49	50.49	43.20	55.53	49.59



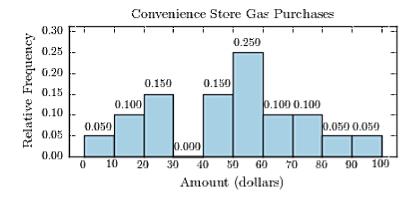
B)



C)



D)



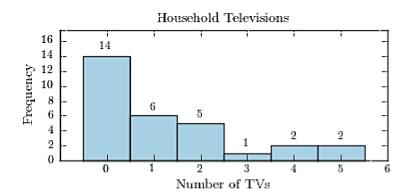
21) Thirty households were surveyed for the number of televisions in each home. Following are the results.

21) ____

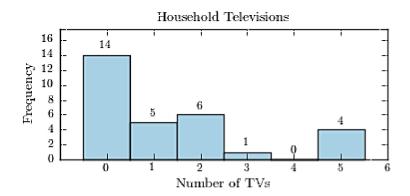
1	0	0	2	1	2	4	2	1	1
\mathbf{e}	\mathbf{c}	0	0	1	5	0	2	\mathbf{o}	0
0	0	2	1	0	0	5	5	3	0

Construct a frequency histogram.

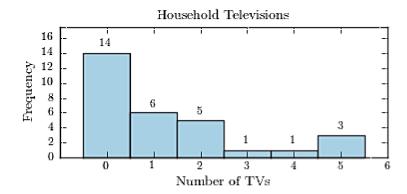
A)



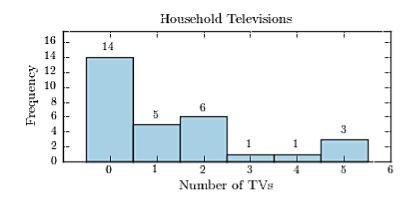
B)



C)



D)



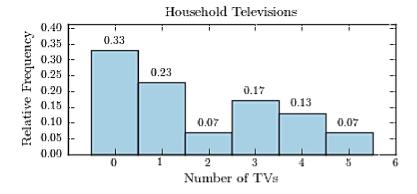
22) Thirty households were surveyed for the number of televisions in each home. Following are the results.

22) _____

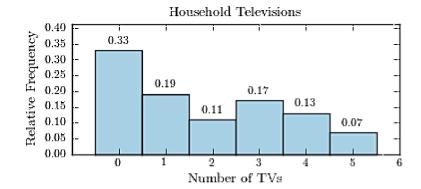
4	0	4	3	0	0	4	1	0	4
\mathbf{o}	1	1	0	1	1	5	2	5	1
3	0	3	0	1	0	3	2	3	0

Construct a relative frequency histogram.

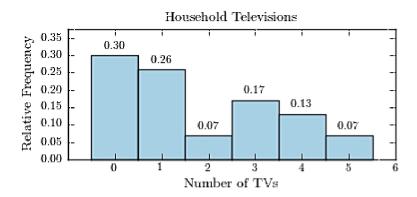
A)

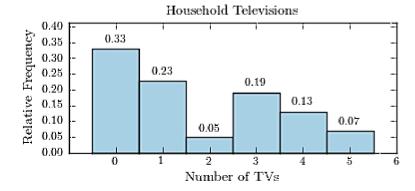


B)



C)

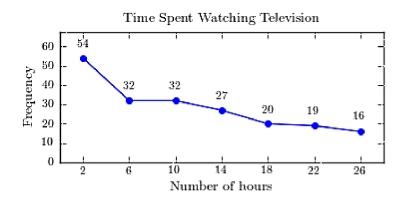




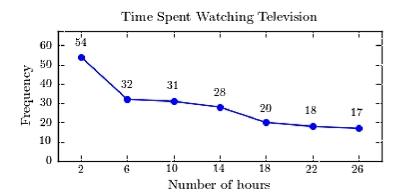
Time Spent Watching Television						
Number of hours	Frequency					
0.0 - 3.9	54					
4.0 - 7.9	32					
8.0-11.9	32					
12.0 - 15.9	27					
15.0 - 19.9	20					
20.0-23.9	18					
24.0 - 27.9	17					

Construct a frequency polygon for the frequency distribution.

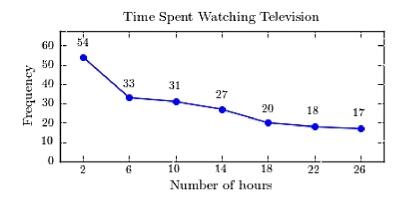
A)



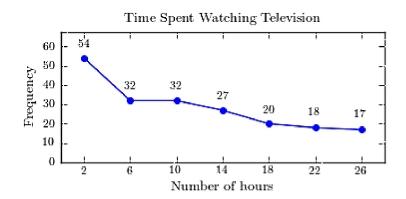
B)



C)



D)



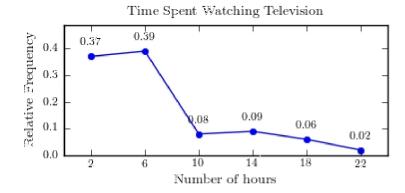
24) A sample of 200 high school students were asked how many hours per week they spend watching television. The following frequency distribution presents the results.

24)

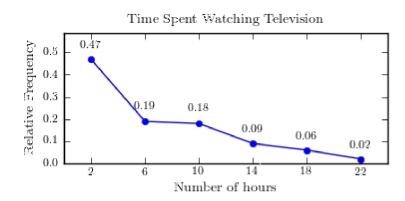
Time Spent Watch	ing Television
Number of hours	Frequency
0.0-3.9	74
4.0 - 7.9	57
8.0-11.9	3 5
12.0-15.9	18
16.0-19.9	32
20.0-23.9	4

Construct a relative frequency polygon for the frequency distribution.

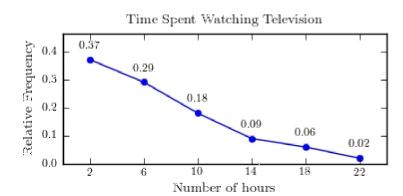


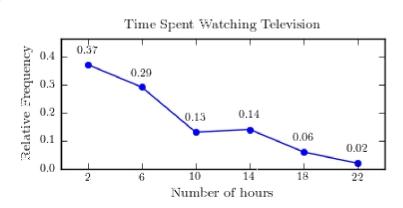


B)



C)

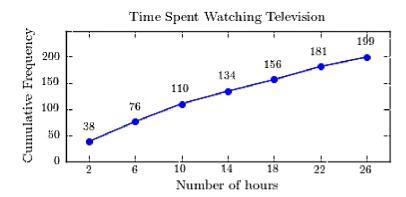




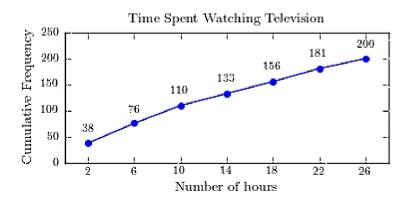
Time Spent Watch	ing Television
Number of hours	Frequency
0.0-3.9	38
4.0 - 7.9	38
8.0-11.9	34
12.0 - 15.9	23
16.0 - 19.9	24
20.0-23.9	23
24.0 - 27.9	20

Construct a frequency ogive for the frequency distribution.

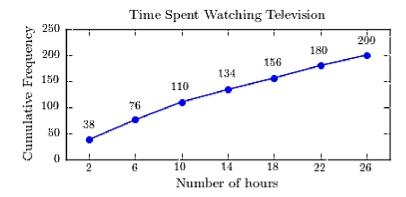
A)



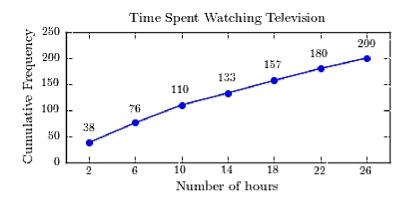
B)



C)



D)



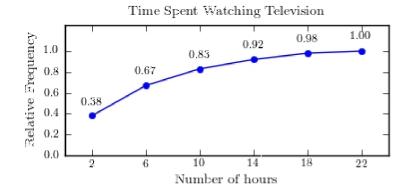
26) A sample of 200 high school students were asked how many hours per week they spend watching television. The following frequency distribution presents the results.

26) ___

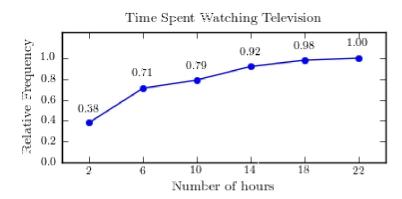
Time Spent Watch	ing Television
Number of hours	Frequency
0.0-3.9	76
4.0-7.9	57
8.0-11.9	32
12.0-15.9	18
16.0-19.9	13
20.0-23.9	Ą

Construct a relative frequency ogive for the frequency distribution.

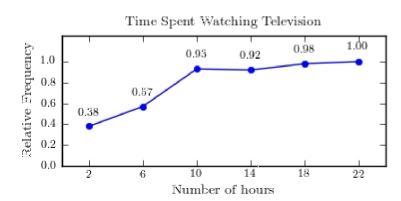


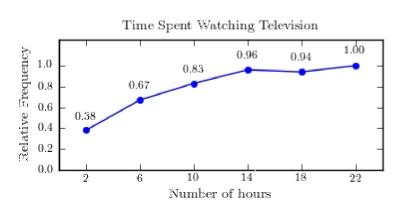


B)



C)





22	38	51	12	57	33	67	20	31	29
19	48	19	31	29	53	54	21	22	55

)		
	1	29
	2	0122999
	3	1138
	4	8
	5	13457
	6	7
		•

B)

1	99
2	0122299
3	1138
4	8
5	13457
6	7

C)

,)		
	1	299
	2	02299
	3	11138
	4	8
	5	13457
	6	7

•		
	1	299
	2	012299
	3	1138
	4	8
	5	13457
	6	7

3	09
4	03
5	3
6	1278
7	68
8	19
9	23356789
10	466

B)

3	009
4	
5	337
6	128
7	68
8	19
9	2335789
10	4666

C)

3	009
4	33
5	
6	278
7	368
8	19
9	2335789
10	4666

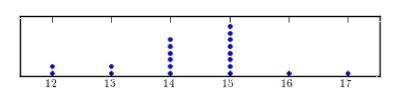
D)

3	009
4	3
5	3
6	1278
7	68
8	19
9	2335789
10	4666

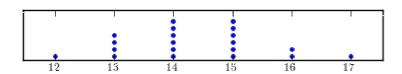
29) Construct a dotplot for the following data.

29) _____

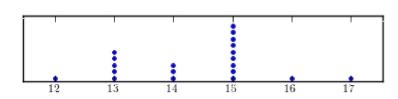
A)

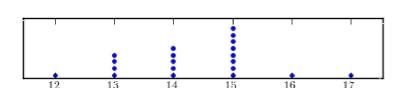






C)

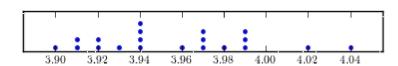




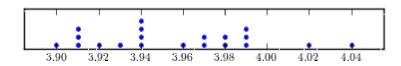
31) _____

3.99	4.02	3.97		3.94			3.91		4.04
3.98	3.94	3.96	3.97	3.94	3.99	3.93	3.90	3.97	3.99

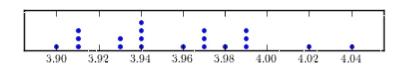
A)



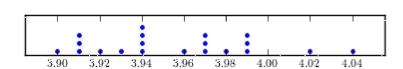
B)



C)



D)

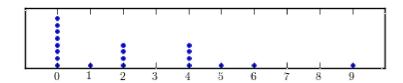


31) Following are the numbers of Dean's List students in a random sample of 20 university courses. Construct a dotplot for these data.

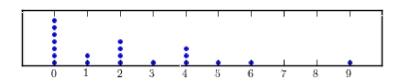
9 2 0 0 4

2 0 0 4 0

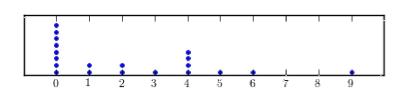
4 2 0 0 5



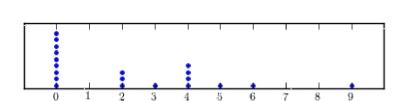
B)



C)



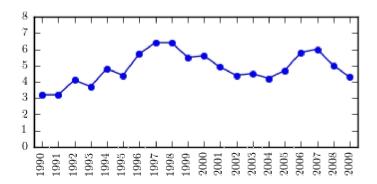
D)



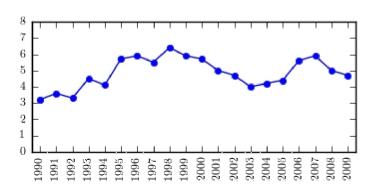
32) The following table presents the rate of population growth of a suburb of Atlanta, Georgia for each of the years 1990 through 2009. Construct a time-series plot of the growth rate.

32)

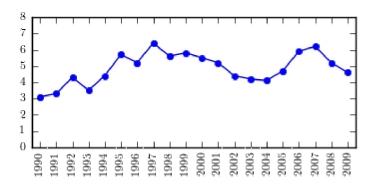
Year	Percent Growth	${\rm Year}$	Percent Growth
1990	3.1	2000	5.5
1991	3.3	2001	5.2
1992	4.3	2002	4.4
1993	3.5	2003	4.2
1994	4.4	2004	4.1
1995	5.7	2005	4.7
1996	5.2	2006	5.9
1997	6.4	2007	6.2
1998	5.6	2008	5.2
1999	5.8	2009	4.6



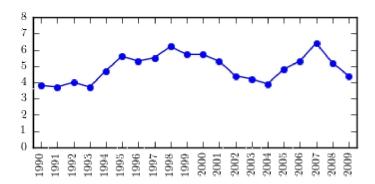
B)



C)

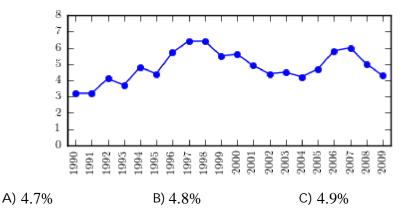


D)



33) The following time-series plot presents the population growth (in percent) of a suburb of Atlanta, Georgia for each of the years 1990 through 2009. Estimate the rate of growth in 2009.

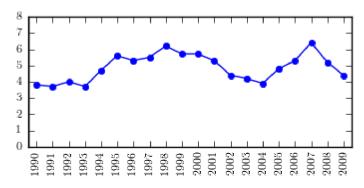
33) ___



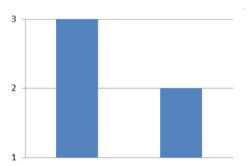
D) 4.2%

34) The following time-series plot presents the population growth (in percent) of a suburb of Atlanta, Georgia for each of the years 1990 through 2009. Estimate the amount by which the rate of growth changed from 1998 to 2001.

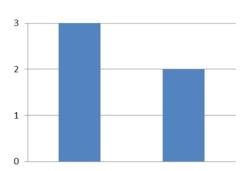
34)



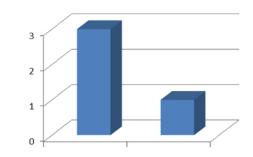
- A) about -1.8 percentage points
- B) about 0.2 percentage points
- C) about -0.2 percentage points
- D) about -0.9 percentage points



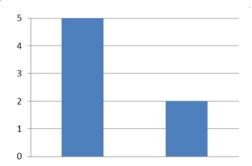
B)



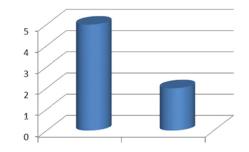
C)





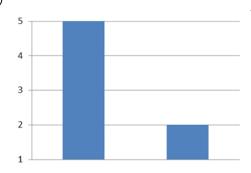


B)



C)

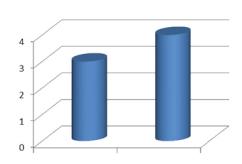




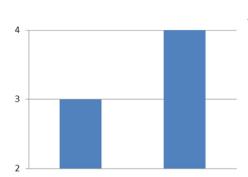


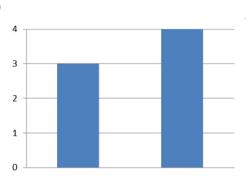


B)



C)





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Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED2

- 1) A
- 2) A
- 3) A
- 4) D
- 5) C
- 6) C
- 7) C
- 8) A
- 9) B
- 10) D
- 11) C
- 12) A
- 13) C
- 14) C
- 15) C
- 16) B
- 17) B
- 18) A
- 19) D 20) D
- 21) C
- 22) A
- 23) D
- 24) C
- 25) D
- 26) A
- 27) D
- 28) D
- 29) D
- 30) D
- 31) A 32) C
- 33) D
- 34) D
- 35) B
- 36) A
- 37) D