6. You can save a table in Datasheet view by clicking the Save button on the Quick Access toolbar.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

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Access 2013 Unit J: Creatin	g a Database	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view	
7. When you save a databas a. True b. False	e, all of the database objects within it are automatically saved too.	
ANSWER:	False	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view	
8. To add a field to a table, y a. True b. False	you need to specify its data type.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.004 - Specify or change the data type for a field	
a. True	new or existing tables in Datasheet view.	
b. False	F.1	
ANSWER:	False	
POINTS:		
REFERENCES:	Access 260	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.005 - Add fields in Design view	
<ol> <li>In Design view, you use</li> <li>a. True</li> <li>b. False</li> </ol>	a grid to enter fields and specify field data types.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 260	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.006 - Specify data types in Design view	
11. Tables, forms, queries, a	and reports are program components called <u>objects</u> .	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.002 - Name and describe common database objects	in Access
12. Access is a database ma	nagement system	
(1 (N \$ 1/1/ H K *		

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Access 2013 Unit J: Creatin	g a Database	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form	m, and query
13. Each row in a database t	able is called a(n) record.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form	m, and query
14. A(n) form extracts data	from one or more database tables	_
ANSWER:	False - query	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.002 - Name and describe common database of	ojects in Access
15. Each text box in a(n) for	m corresponds with a field in a table.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.002 - Name and describe common database of	ojects in Access
16. Creating a database from	n a(n) template saves time since it contains many ready-made data	abase objects.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 256	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.007 - Start Access	
17. When you start working	in a new database, a blank <u>form</u> opens in Datasheet view.	
ANSWER:	False - table	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view	W
18. Every table in a databas	e must contain one field that is designated as the <u>ID</u> key field	
ANSWER:	False - primary	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.008 - Set the primary key field	
19. Every new table in Acce	ess includes a blank ID field which is automatically designated as	the <u>primary</u> key field.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	

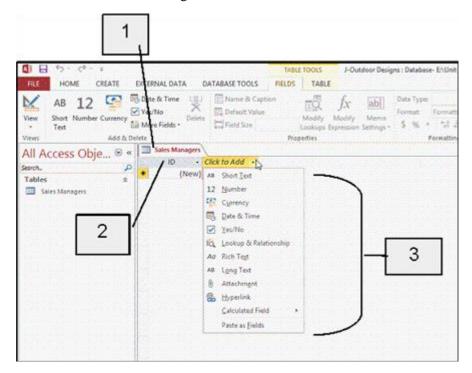
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REFERENCES:		Access 258	
	IECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.008 - Set the primary key field	
20. Short Text is	a(n) <u>data</u> t	ype	
ANSWER:		True	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 258	
LEARNING OBJ	<i>IECTIVES:</i>	ENHO.HUNT.16.009 - Identify common data types	
21. A database s	tores data ii	n one or more spreadsheet-like lists called	
a. cells	b. records		
c. tables	d. sheets		
ANSWER:		c	
POINTS:		1	
$\it REFERENCES:$		Access 254	
LEARNING OBJ	IECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and	d query
22. A database c		ist one table is called a database.	
a. simple	b. relation	al	
c. query	d. report		
ANSWER:		a	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 254	
LEARNING OB.	IECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and	d query
23. A database c	_	wo or more tables of related information is called a database.	
a. simple	b. relati		
c. complex	d. relate	d	
ANSWER:		b	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 254	
LEARNING OB.	IECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and	d query
24. Records cons	sist of	, which contain information about one aspect of a record.	
a. objects	b. reports		
c. queries	d. fields		
ANSWER:		d	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 254	
LEARNING OBJ	IECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and	d query
	a user-frier	ndly window that contains text boxes and labels that let users easily inp	out data, usually one
record at a time.			
a. object	b. report		

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c. query	d. form			
ANSWER:		d		
POINTS:		1		
REFERENCES:		Access 254		
LEARNING OB	JECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Defi	ne database, table, fiel	d, record, form, and query
26. A(n) e	xtracts data	from one or more database ta	bles according to crite	ria that you set.
a. object	b. report			
c. query	d. form			
ANSWER:		c		
POINTS:		1		
REFERENCES:	•	Access 254		
LEARNING OB	JECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Defi	ne database, table, fiel	d, record, form, and query
	•	of information pulled from a	database, specifically	designed for printing.
· ·	b. report			
c. query	d. form			
ANSWER:		b		
POINTS:		1		
REFERENCES:	•	Access 254		
LEARNING OB	JECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Defi	ne database, table, fiel	d, record, form, and query
		agement system, Access is pall or several tables as you need		cause you can enter data once and then
a. relationa	l b. simp	le		
c. complex	d. man	pulative		
ANSWER:		a		
POINTS:		1		
REFERENCES:		Access 254		

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and query

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## Access 2013 Unit J: Creating a Database



- 29. In the accompanying figure, item 1 is the name of the only \_\_\_\_ in the database.
  - a. table b. report
  - c. form d. query

ANSWER: a POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 259

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view

- 30. In the accompanying figure, item 2 points to the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. record b. report
  - c. ID field d. ID

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 259

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view

- 31. In the accompanying figure, item 3 points to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. the fields in the table
  - c. all of the table types you can add to a datasheet d. all of the data types you can apply to a field

b. field properties

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 259

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.003 - Create and save a table in Datasheet view

- 32. In the accompanying figure, the words Short Text refer to a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. record
- b. data type

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## Access 2013 Unit J: Creating a Database

c. field name d. set of tables

ANSWER: b POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 259

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.009 - Identify common data types

- 33. You can create a database in Access by starting with a \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. blank database b. template
  - c. Both a and b. d. None of the above.

ANSWER: c POINTS: 1

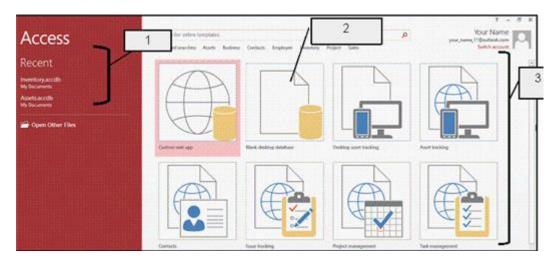
REFERENCES: Access 256

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.010 - Create and save a blank database

- 34. In Datasheet view, the left pane below the Ribbon is called the \_\_\_\_\_ pane. It is where all database objects for the open database are listed.
- a. Navigationb. Databasec. Objectsd. Data
  ANSWER:
  aPOINTS:1

REFERENCES: Access 256

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.010 - Create and save a blank database



- 35. In the accompanying figure, item 1 points to the\_\_\_\_.
  - a. featured templates b. recently opened databases
  - c. available template categories d. Blank Database icon

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 257

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.007 - Start Access

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36. In the accompa	nying figure, iten	n 2 points to the	
_		b. Access 2010 template	
	-	d. Blank desktop database	
ANSWER:	d	-	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	257	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHO.	HUNT.16.010 - Create and save a blank datab	pase
37. In the accompa	nying figure, iten	a 3 points to the	
a. featured ten		b. recently opened databases	
c. saved templ	ate categories	d. Blank templates	
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	257	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHO.	HUNT.16.007 - Start Access	
38. To insert a new a. Rows	field, click an ex b. Fields	isting field and then click the Insert butt	on in the Tools group.
c. New Field	d. Columns		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	262	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHO.	HUNT.16.011 - Insert a field	
39. If the for for this field in Data a. property		me is Last Name, that means that only Last N	ame will be displayed as the field name
c. nickname	d. caption		
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	262	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHO.	HUNT.16.012 - Specify a caption for a field	
40. Field are a. descriptions		es that dictate how Access stores, handles, and	l displays field data.
c. properties	d. descriptor	S	
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	262	
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHO.	HUNT.16.013 - Change field properties	
41. Field Size is an	-	d	
a. property	b. name		
c. ID	d. caption		

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Access 2013 Unit J: Creatin	ng a Database	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 262	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.013 - Change field properties	
42. When you click a field a a. description b. typ	name to add a new record, the field appears in the status bar.	
c. size d. ca	tegory	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 264	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.014 - Add records in Datasheet view	
a. row b. record	e left of each record lets you select a record or records.	
c. object d. key		
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 264 ENHO.HUNT.16.014 - Add records in Datasheet view	
ELIMINITO OBJECTIVES.	ENTO. TOTAL AND TECORES IN Buttesheet view	
44. The data you enter in ea	ach field is called a field	
a. object b. name		
c. value d. pane		
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 264	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.014 - Add records in Datasheet view	
<ul><li>45. You can edit text in fiel</li><li>a. Data</li><li>b. Edit</li><li>c. Tab</li><li>d. Backspace</li></ul>	ds by selecting it and typing new text or using the [] key.	
ANSWER:	_	
POINTS:	d	
REFERENCES:	1 Access 266	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.015 - Edit field values in Datasheet view	
46. The border between field	d names is called the	
a. border separator	b. border divider	
c. column separator	d. column divider	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 266	

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.016 - Resize columns in Datasheet view	
47 controls are device a. Input b. Form c. Data d. Text	ees for inputting data such as text boxes, list arrows, or check boxes.	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.017 - Create a form based on a table	
a. AutoNumber b. U	gns a unique number for each record in the table. UniqueNumber	
	AutoList	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 258	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.009 - Identify common data types	
49. The field description applied.	pears in the bar and helps users understand what type of data sho	ould be entered for the
a. properties b. statu	ns	
c. address d. navi	gation	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 260	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.018 - Add field descriptions	
a. icon b. group	pears in a form or in Datasheet view in place of the field	
c. name d. property		
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 262	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.012 - Specify a caption for a field	
	to create a database to help you manage and track a la	rge collection of related
data.  ANSWER:	Access	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, as	nd quary
LEANNING ODJECTIVES:	LIVIO.1101V1.10.001 - Define database, table, field, fecold, folfil, al	ia query
52. To view different record <i>ANSWER:</i>	s you use buttons on the bar. navigation	

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POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.019 - View records using the Navigation bar	
53. In	view, you can view records but cannot add, delete or edit records	S.
ANSWER:	Layout	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.020 - Add records using Form view	
54. To close Access, click C	Close on the tab.	
ANSWER:	FILE File	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
	ENHO.HUNT.16.021 - Close a database and exit Access	
55. Text boxes, check boxes	s and list arrows are all controls.	
ANSWER:	Form	
	form	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.017 - Create a form based on a table	
56. Split view is a(n)	that displays the data entry form above the underly	ing datasheet.
ANSWER:	form	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.020 - Add records using Form view	
57. The simplest way to cre	ate a form is to click the Form button on the tab.	
ANSWER:	CREATE	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 268	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.017 - Create a form based on a table	
58. Describe the difference	between a simple and a relational database.	
ANSWER:	A database containing one table is a simple database, and one that cortables of related information is a relational database.	ntains two or more
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 254	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and	d query
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	

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Access 2013 Unit J: Creating a Database

ANSWER: A database stores data in tables, organized into rows and columns. Each column in the table

is a field, and each row in the table is a record. The columns are the values for a given piece of information, such as a name, for all records. The rows represent all information for a given

record in the database, containing all values across all columns.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 254

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

60. Describe the operations you can perform when a table is in Design view.

ANSWER: You can set field properties and modify a table's structure. You can also add field

descriptions or insert, delete, rearrange, or rename fields.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 260

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.005 - Add fields in Design view

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

You work for a small pet shop and the store manager asks you to convert some of his paper records to an online system. A simple database exists and the owner wants to add to the existing database.

61. Your supervisor wants a list of all the customers who purchased something recently from the store. Can you do this with the current database design?

ANSWER: Since the database only contains a single table, it is not likely that the current design tracks

that information. However, if the last sale information is part of the existing table, a query

may be able to answer the question.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 254

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

62. Assuming that the existing database does not contain information related to sales in the table, how can you extend the database to track the purchases for each customer?

ANSWER: An additional table must be added to the database to track the information, transforming the

database into a relational design. The new table must be related to the original table in the

database.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 254

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Define database, table, field, record, form, and query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

63. Assuming you can extend the database with every possible need for the store, what objects must be included in addition to the table(s) that make up the database?

ANSWER: You must add query, form, and report objects to the database to make a complete application

that the store can use on a regular basis.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 254

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.001 - Defin	ne database, table, field, record, form, ar	nd query

You work in the human resources department of a large company that uses Microsoft Access to track information before and after entering it into the company's administrative system.

64. Your supervisor has asked you to add a field description to a field in the table. How can you do this?

ANSWER: Open the table in Design view, choose the field name that needs a description, press [Tab]

twice to move to the Description text box, and then type a description. The description will

appear in the status bar.

POINTS:

TOPICS:

REFERENCES: Access 262

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.013 - Change field properties

Critical Thinking

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

65. Your boss asks you for specific field values. What are field values?

ANSWER: Field values are the data you enter into each field.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 264

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.014 - Add records in Datasheet view

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

Match each item with a statement below.

a. Field names

b. Form

c. Report

d. Table

e. Query

REFERENCES: Access 254

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHO.HUNT.16.002 - Name and describe common database objects in Access

66. A set of criteria (conditions) you specify to retrieve data from a database.

ANSWER: e
POINTS: 1

67. A window that lets you view, enter, and edit data in a database one record at a time.

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1

68. A summary of database information designed specifically for printing or distributing.

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

69. A list of data organized in rows (records) and columns (fields).

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1

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Access 2013 Ome J. Cleating a Data	base		
70. The column headings in the tabl	2.		
ANSWER: a			

POINTS: 1