Test Bank for Critical Care Nursing A Holistic Approach 10th Edition by Morton

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- 1. Patients often do not recall their critical care experience in the hospital.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - A) True
 - B) False
- 2. Mr. Flynn has recovered fully from a myocardial infarction he suffered 6 months ago, yet he continues to walk slowly and with a cane. This is a normal response after an acute illness.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - A) True
 - B) False
- 3. The nurse demonstrates cultural sensitivity by asking the critically ill patient if he would like a visit from a religious leader.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - A) True
 - B) False
- 4. Patients who are restrained are more likely to have less serious injuries than those that are not restrained.
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - A) True
 - B) False
- 5. Which of the following is the best definition of stress?
 - A) A stimulus that causes disequilibrium between psychological and physiological functioning.
 - B) An observable lag between the physical onset of illness and its emotional acknowledgement.
 - C) A negative feeling caused by insecurity.
 - D) A negative feeling caused by lack of adequate information.

- 6. In the event a critically ill patient is expressing ineffective behaviors, the nursing action would be to
 - A) recognize and avoid the most detrimental behaviors.
 - B) minimize and redirect these behaviors.
 - C) anticipate these behaviors and then ignore them.
 - D) ignore these behaviors but discuss them with the family.
- 7. When the nurse ignores the presence of the patient, regardless of the patient's alertness, the nurse is contributing to the patient's
 - A) physiological coping.
 - B) fear of dying.
 - C) spiritual distress.
 - D) sense of isolation.
- 8. The primary concern of family members after a patient is admitted to the critical care unit is
 - A) length of stay.
 - B) loss of control.
 - C) fear of dying.
 - D) cost.
- 9. An expected response for a patient who is moved from intensive care to a step-down unit is
 - A) a sense of isolation.
 - B) increased self-esteem and independence.
 - C) fear of dying.
 - D) regression.
- 10. When a critical care nurse cannot remove the stimulus that causes anxiety, such as myocardial infarction, the nurse must
 - A) teach the patient to remove the stimulus him/herself.
 - B) assess the effectiveness of the patient's behaviors and possibly help modify them.
 - C) instruct the patient to utilize a single coping mechanism.
 - D) promote patient regression in order to conserve patient energy.
- 11. For the critical care patient, stress must be
 - A) redirected and accepted.
 - B) repressed and diverted.
 - C) reduced or eliminated.
 - D) altered and denied.

- 12. If anxiety is reduced, energy may be redirected towards
 - A) sleep.
 - B) healing wounds.
 - C) eating.
 - D) All of the above are correct.
- 13. Which of the following behaviors does not foster trust in the patient-nurse relationship?
 - A) Starting an IV
 - B) Wearing a wrinkled uniform
 - C) Explaining a procedure
 - D) Introducing oneself
- 14. In order to reinforce a patient's sense of control, the critical care nurse can
 - A) allow patient to choose the flavor of nutritional drink.
 - B) wash the patient's face for him/her.
 - C) assist the patient with a bedpan or urinal.
 - D) style the patient's hair.
- 15. Reassurance can be given to a critical care patient in the form of
 - A) instruction and guidance.
 - B) presenting and touching.
 - C) offering personal opinions and past experiences.
 - D) dialogue and encouragement.
- 16. Self-talk is best described as
 - A) guided imagery.
 - B) humor.
 - C) internal dialogue.
 - D) cognitive reappraisal.
- 17. Valerie is recovering from a motor vehicle accident. She tells the nurse she is worthless because she can't walk. The best response to redirect her external dialogue is
 - A) "You are right, you can't walk now."
 - B) "You can't?"
 - C) "You can if you try."
 - D) "What things can you do?"

- 18. An example of guided imagery for a critical care patient in the ICU is
 - A) thinking about laying on a beach in the Bahamas listening to the surf.
 - B) reviewing the cardiac catheterization procedure that will be performed.
 - C) identifying medications and their purposes.
 - D) discussing the feelings, emotions, and discomfort of the critical care experience.
- 19. The proper technique for deep breathing is to inhale
 - A) and exhale through the mouth.
 - B) through the mouth and exhale through the nose.
 - C) and exhale through the nose.
 - D) through the nose and exhale through the mouth.
- 20. Music therapy in the ICU setting is thought to
 - A) alter thoughts and change the stressor focus.
 - B) reduce anxiety and increase energy.
 - C) promote personal control and confidence.
 - D) provide distraction and promote relaxation.
- 21. Studies have shown that laughter can
 - A) increase the level of endorphins.
 - B) increase the level of insulin.
 - C) decrease the level of insulin.
 - D) decrease the level of cortisol.
- 22. Which patient should not be offered a back rub at bedtime?
 - A) A patient with a blood pressure of 140/88 with a medical diagnosis of cerebrovascular accident (CVA).
 - B) A patient with a respiratory rate of 22 and medical diagnosis of emphysema.
 - C) A patient with a blood pressure of 80/40, atrial fibrillation, and medical diagnosis of myocardial infarction (MI).
 - D) A patient with a pulse of 50, blood pressure of 100/50, and medical diagnosis of congestive heart failure (CHF).
- 23. Mr. Bays has been told that he has suffered a heart attack. He says to the nurse, "I just had indigestion." This is an example of
 - A) disbelief.
 - B) awareness.
 - C) restitution.
 - D) resolution.

- 24. Gregory tells the nurse he isn't afraid to die because he believes in reincarnation. The best response by the nurse is
 - A) "I sure hope you are right!"
 - B) "That gives you peace of mind."
 - C) "I don't believe in that."
 - D) "What religion are you?"
- 25. Which of the following situations is described by nurses most often as a "good death"? The patient dies
 - A) with family at the bedside.
 - B) on route to the hospital.
 - C) without pain.
 - D) at home.

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Answer Key

- 1. B
- 2. B
- 3. B 4. B
- 5. A
- 6. B
- 7. D
- 8. C
- 9. D
- 10. B
- 11. C 12. D
- 13. B
- 14. A
- 15. B
- 16. C
- 17. D
- 18. A
- 19. D
- 20. D 21. A
- 21. A 22. C
- 22. C 23. A
- 24. B
- 25. C