### Test Bank for Construction Estimating Using Excel 3rd Edition by Peterson IBSN 9780134405506

Full Download: http://downloadlink.org/product/test-bank-for-construction-estimating-using-excel-3rd-edition-by-peterson-ibsn-97 ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1) What is the definition of the quantity takeoff?
  - Answer: The quantity takeoff is where the estimator prepares a complete list of materials, labor, and equipment necessary to complete a construction project.
- 2) How does the quantity takeoff fit into the overall estimating process?
  - Answer: It must be complete before a company can determine the cost of materials, labor, and equipment, which are a necessary part of a complete bid.

#### ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine the base cost per square foot for an 85,000–square–foot, steel–frame parking garage with face–brick over concrete block exterior.
  Answer: \$81.70 per square foot
- 2) Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine base perimeter for an 85,000–square–foot parking garage. Answer: 529 feet
- 3) Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine the perimeter adjustment for an 85,000–square–foot parking garage. Answer: \$1.80 per square foot
- 4) Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine the story–height adjustment for an 85,000–square–foot parking garage. Answer: \$0.85 per square foot
- 5) Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine the added cost for a 12–inch by 18–inch traffic sign. Answer: \$97.50 per each
- 6) What items would you include on an 8-foot-high, wood-framed, interior wall for a residence? Answer: The items should include: sole plate, wood studs, top plate, 1/2-inch drywall, paint, and base.
- 7) Your company just completed a 1,100-square-foot convince store for a client for \$225,000. Next year, the same client wants to build a 1,300-square-foot convince store in the same city. Determine the estimated cost of the convince store using an inflation factor of 4 percent per year.

Answer: First adjust for size using an E of 0.9 using Eq. 34–1 as follows:

Cost = Cost × TCM = 
$$225,000 \left(\frac{1,300}{1,100}\right)^{0.9} = 261,504$$

Finally, adjust for inflation using Eq. 34-4 as follows:

$$\operatorname{Cost}_{t+n} = \operatorname{Cost}_t (1 + \overline{f})^n = \$261,504(1 + 0.04)^1 = \$271,964$$

Use \$272,000

8) Using Figures 34–3 and 34–4, determine the cost for a 180–foot by 269–foot, three–story, precast concrete parking garage with face–brick over concrete block exterior. The parking garage is expected to have a 460 parking stalls and one parking attendant booth. The average story height is 11.0 feet.

Answer: The area and perimeter of the parking garage is determined as follows:

Area = (180 ft)(269 ft)(3 stories) = 145,260 sf

Perimeter = 180 ft + 269 ft + 180 ft + 269 ft = 898 ft

From Figure 34–3, the cost per square foot for a 145,000–square–foot parking garage with precast concrete parking garage with face–brick over concrete block exterior is \$66.80. From Figure 34–3, the base perimeter is 723 feet and the perimeter adjustment is \$1.10 per square foot per 100 foot of perimeter. The perimeter adjustment is as follows:

Perimeter Add =  $\left(\frac{898 \text{ ft} - 723 \text{ ft}}{100 \text{ ft}}\right)$  \$1.10/sft = \$1.93/sft

From Figure 34–4, the base story height is 10 feet and, from Figure 34–3, the adjustment for the story height is \$0.65 per square foot per foot of height. The story-height adjustment is as follows:

Story-Height Add = (1 ft) (\$0.65/ft-sft) = \$0.65/sft

The base cost per square foot is as follows:

Cost = \$66.80 + \$1.93 + \$0.65 = \$69.38/sft

The base cost is calculated as follows:

Cost = (145,260 sft) (\$69.38/sft) = \$10,078,139

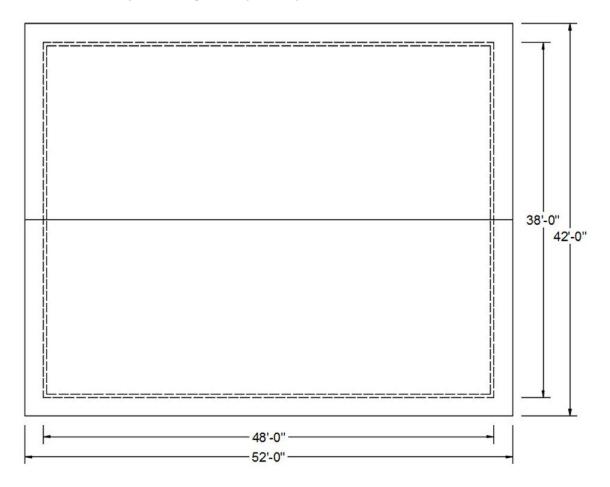
Add the following costs to the base cost: one 3500# elevator at \$173,000; parking booth at \$13,800; 460 painted parking stalls at \$8.60 per stall; and 460 precast parking bumpers at \$63.00 per stall.

Cost = \$10,078,139 + \$173,000 + \$13,800 + 460(\$8.60 + \$63.00) = \$10,297,874

Use \$10,300,000

### 9) Roof Takeoff Workbook from Chapters 33 and 34

Using the worksheet from Chapters 33 and 34, prepare a bid for the following roof. The slope of the roof is 4:12, the shingles are to be 20-year three-tab, the underlayment is to be 15# felt, the vents are to be turtle, there are two HVAC flashings, and one plumbing flashing.



Answer: Takeoff

<b>Client Information</b>		
Name:		
Address:		
City:		
State:		
Zip Code:		
Phone #:		

### **Project Information**

Name:	
Address:	
City:	
State:	
Zip Code:	
Phone #:	

**Roof Information** 

Roof Slope:	4	:12
Shingle Type:	20-year Three Tab	
Underlayment:	15# Felt	
Ridge(s):	52	ft
No. of Ridges:	1	ea
Hip(s)/Valley(s):		ft
Horiz. Perimeter:	104	ft
Sloped Perimeter:	84	ft
Horiz. Counter:		ft
Sloped Counter:		ft
HVAC Flashings:	2	ea
Plumbing Flashings:	1	ea
Vent Type:	Turtle	
Plan View Area:	2,184	sft
Unit Price:	1.52	/sft

## Roof Area

Area	Length	Width
1	52	42
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

# <u>Bid</u>

Bill To:	Ship To:	

Materials	Quantity	Unit Price	Total
20-year Three Tab	71 bundle	12.39	879.69
20-year Three Tab Cap	3 bundle	15.75	47.25
Roofing Nails	25 lbs	1.39	34.75
15# Felt	8 rolls	14.95	119.60
Underlayment Nails	40.0 C	1.00	40.00
10' Drip Edge	20 ea	2.99	59.80
10' Counter Flashing	ea	3.99	
20' Ridge Vent	ea	42.00	
Turtle Vents	18 ea	7.00	126.00

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HVAC Flashing	2 ea	9.00	18.00
Plumbing Flashing	1 ea	4.00	4.00
		Subtotal	1,329.09
Tax (6.5%)			86.39
Roofing Crew	59.6 lhrs	35.00	2,086.00
		Total	3,501.48

Half of the payment is due at delivery of materials. The remaining payment is due upon completion of the roofing.

By: \_\_\_\_\_. Date: \_\_\_\_\_.

### Pricing Data

<u>rneing Data</u>	Item	Price
Shingles		
20-year Three Tab	12.39	\$/bundle
25-year Architectural	15.98	\$/bundle
30-year Architectural	16.65	\$/bundle
40-year Architectural	17.35	\$/bundle
Cap Shingles		
20–year Three Tab	15.75	\$/bundle
25-year Architectural	31.29	\$/bundle
30-year Architectural	33.29	\$/bundle
40-year Architectural	35.29	\$/bundle
Underlayment		
15# Felt	14.95	\$/roll
30# Felt	13.95	\$/roll
	10.75	ψποπ
Flashings & Vents		
Drip Edge	2.99	\$/ea
Counter	3.99	\$/ea
Ridge Vent	42.00	\$/ea
Turtle Vents (61 sq in)	7.00	\$/ea
HVAC Pipe Flashing	9.00	\$/ea
Plumbing Flashing	4.00	\$/ea
Nails		
Roofing Nails	1.39	\$/lb
Underlayment Nails	1.00	\$/C
Item	Labor	
	Productivity	
20-year Three Tab	2.50	lhr/squ
25-year Architectural	2.80	lhr/squ
30-year Architectural	3.00	lhr/squ
40-year Architectural	3.20	lhr/squ