Solutions Manual for Dosage Calculations Canadian 4th Edition by Pickar IBSN 9780176657154

Full Download: http://downloadlink.org/product/solutions-manual-for-dosage-calculations-canadian-4th-edition-by-pickar-ibsn-97 Instructor's Solutions Manual to Accompany *Dosage Calculations*, Fourth Canadian Edition

Chapter 2: Ratios and Percents

Review Set 2-1 (page 50)

1.
$$3:150 = \frac{3}{150} = \frac{1}{50}$$

2.
$$6:10 = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

3.
$$0.05: 0.15 = \frac{0.05}{0.15} = \frac{1}{3}$$

4.
$$20:40 = \frac{20}{40} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

5.
$$\frac{1}{1000}$$
: $\frac{1}{150} = \frac{\frac{1}{1000}}{\frac{1}{150}} = \frac{1}{1000} \div \frac{1}{150} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{1000}} \times \frac{\frac{150}{1}}{1} = \frac{3}{20} = \mathbf{0.15}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
0.15 \\
20 \overline{\smash)3.00} \\
\underline{20} \\
100 \\
\underline{100} \\
0
\end{array}$$

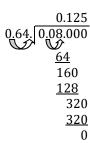
6.
$$0.3: 4.5 = \frac{0.3}{4.5} = \mathbf{0.07}$$

7.
$$1\frac{1}{2}: 6\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{6\frac{2}{9}} = 1\frac{1}{2} \div 6\frac{2}{9} = \frac{3}{2} \div \frac{56}{9} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{9}{56} = \frac{27}{112} = \mathbf{0.24}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|r}
0.241 \\
112 \hline
27.000 \\
224 \\
460 \\
\underline{448} \\
120 \\
\underline{112} \\
8
\end{array}$$

8.
$$12:48 = \frac{12}{48} = \frac{1}{4} = 0.25 = 25\%$$

9.
$$0.08: 0.64 = \frac{0.08}{0.64} = 0.125 = 12.5\%$$



10.
$$7:10 = \frac{7}{10} = 0.7 = 70\%$$

11. 50:
$$100 = \frac{50}{100} = 50\%$$

12.
$$45\% = \frac{45}{100} = \frac{9}{20}$$

13.
$$0.5\% = 0.005 = \frac{5}{1000} = \frac{1}{200}$$

14.
$$1\% = 0.01 = \frac{1}{100}$$

15.
$$66\frac{2}{3}\% = \frac{200}{3}\% = \frac{200}{3} \div 100 = \frac{200}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{2}{3}$$

16.
$$2.94\% = 2.94 \div 100 = 0.0294 = 0.03$$

17.
$$33\% = 33 \div 100 = 0.33$$

18.
$$0.9\% = 0.9 \div 100 = 0.009 = 0.01$$

19.
$$16\% = \frac{16}{100} = \frac{4}{25} = 4:25$$

20.
$$25\% = \frac{25}{100} = \frac{1}{4} = 1:4$$

21.
$$50\% = \frac{50}{100} = \frac{1}{2} = 1:2$$

$$1:9 = \frac{1}{9} = 1 \div 9 = 0.110$$

$$\frac{1}{90} = 1 \div 90 = 0.011$$

23.
$$0.05 =$$
 0.050 0.5

$$\frac{200}{400} = 200 \div 400 = 0.5 =$$
 0.500 is largest 400 $\boxed{200}$

$$0.025 =$$
 0.025 200

$$1:25 = \frac{1}{25} = 0.04 = 0.040 = 0.040$$
 0

$$0.004$$

$$25$$
 $\boxed{1.00}$

$$0.25\% = 0.25 \div 100 = 0.002500$$
 is largest

$$0.1\% = 0.1 \div 100 = 0.001000$$

$$0.02\% = 0.02 \div 100 = 0.002000$$

25.
$$\frac{1}{150} = 0.007$$

$$\frac{1}{300} = 0.003$$

0.5 = 0.500 is largest

$$\frac{2}{3}\% = 0.067$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0.0066 & 0.0033 \\ 150 \hline 1.0000 & 300 \hline 1.0000 \\ \underline{900} & \underline{900} \\ 1000 & 1000 \\ \underline{900} & \underline{900} \\ 100 & 100 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}\% = \frac{2}{3} \div 100 = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{2}{300}$$

Review Set 2-2 (page 52)

1.
$$X = 0.25\% \times 520$$

$$X = 0.0025 \times 520$$

$$X = 1.3$$

2.
$$X = 5\% \times 95$$

$$X = 0.05 \times 95$$

$$X = 4.75$$

3.
$$X = 40\% \times 140$$

$$X = 0.4 \times 140$$

$$X = 56$$

4.
$$X = 0.7\% \times 62$$

$$X = 0.007 \times 62$$

$$X = 0.434 = 0.43$$

5.
$$X = 3\% \times 889$$

$$X = 0.03 \times 889$$

$$X = 26.67$$

6.
$$X = 20\% \times 75$$

$$X = 0.2 \times 75$$

$$X = 15$$

- 7. $X = 4\% \times 20$ $X = 0.04 \times 20$ X = 0.8
- 8. $X = 7\% \times 34$ $X = 0.07 \times 34$ X = 2.38
- 9. $X = 15\% \times 250$ $X = 0.15 \times 250$ X = 37.5
- 10. $X = 75\% \times 150$ $X = 0.75 \times 150$ X = 112.5
- 11. $X = 40\% \times 20$ $X = 0.4 \times 20$ X = 8 tablets
- 12. $X = 60\% \times 1200$ $X = 0.60 \times 1200$ X = 720 mL
- 13. X = 80% of \$17 651.07 X = 0.8 × \$17 651.07 X = \$14 120.86 \$ 17 651.07 total bill - 14 120.86 paid by insurance company \$ 3530.21 paid by patient
- 14. $X = 40\% \times 750$ $X = 0.4 \times 750$ X = 300 g
- 15. $X = 20\% \times 3500$ $X = 0.2 \times 3500$ X = 700 calories

Practice Problems—Chapter 2 (pages 52-54)

- 1. **0.4**, **40%**, **2:5** $\frac{2}{5} = \underbrace{0.4}_{5} = \underbrace{0.4}_{0.40} = 40\%$
- 2. $\frac{1}{20}$, 5%, 1:20 $0.5 = \frac{5}{100} = \frac{1}{20}$ 0.05 0.05 = 5%
- 3. **0.17**, $\frac{17}{100}$, **17**: **100** $17\% = \frac{17}{100} = 0.17$

5. **0.06**,
$$\frac{3}{50}$$
, **3:50** 6% = $\frac{6}{100}$ = $\frac{3}{50}$ 6% 06% = 0.06

$$6\% = \frac{6}{100} = \frac{3}{50}$$

6. **0.17, 17%, 1:6**
$$\frac{1}{6} = 0.166$$

$$6 \overline{\smash{\big|}\, 1.000}$$

$$\frac{6}{40}$$

$$36$$

$$40$$

$$36$$

$$40$$

7.
$$0.5, \frac{1}{2}, 1:2$$

7. **0.5**,
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
, **1:2** $50\% = \frac{50}{100} = \frac{1}{2} = 1 : 2$ $50\% = 0.5$

8. **0.01**,
$$\frac{1}{100}$$
, 1% 1:100 = $\frac{1}{100}$

$$1:100 = \frac{1}{100}$$

$$1\% = 01\% = 0.01$$

9.
$$\frac{9}{100}$$
, 9%, 9:100 $0.09 = \frac{9}{100}$

$$0.09 = \frac{9}{100}$$

40 <u>36</u>

20 <u> 18</u> 20 <u>18</u>

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 0.375 0.375 = 0.38 0.38 = 38% 8 3.000

11.
$$0.67, \frac{2}{3}, 67\%$$

11. **0.67**,
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
, 67% 2:3 = $\frac{2}{3}$ = $\frac{0.666}{3 \times 2.000}$ 18

12. **0.33, 33%, 1:3**
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 0.333 $0.33 = 0.33$ $0.33 = 3$

13.
$$\frac{13}{25}$$
, 52%, 13:25

$$0.52 = \frac{52}{100} = \frac{13}{25}$$

14.
$$0.45, \frac{9}{20}, 45\%$$

13.
$$\frac{13}{25}$$
, 52%, 13:25 $0.52 = \frac{52}{100} = \frac{13}{25}$
 0.52 $0.52 = 52\%$
14. 0.45 , $\frac{9}{20}$, 45% $9:20 = \frac{9}{20} = 0.45$
 $20 | 9.00$
 $\frac{80}{100}$
 100

15. **0.86, 86%, 6:7**
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 = 0.857 $7 | 6.000$ $\frac{56}{40}$ $\frac{35}{5}$

16. **0.3**,
$$\frac{3}{10}$$
, 30%

$$3:10 = \frac{3}{10} =$$

50 <u>49</u>

$$\frac{1}{10} = 0.02$$
 $50 \boxed{1.00}$
 $\frac{100}{100}$

17. **0.02, 2%, 1:50**
$$\frac{1}{50}$$
 = 0.02 $0.02 = 2\%$

18.
$$\frac{3}{50}$$
, 6%, 3:50

$$0.06 = \frac{6}{100} = \frac{3}{50}$$

18.
$$\frac{3}{50}$$
, 6%, 3:50 $0.06 = 6\%$ $0.06 = \frac{6}{100} = \frac{3}{50}$
19. $\frac{1}{25}$, 4%, 1:25 $0.04 = 4\%$ $4\% = \frac{4}{100} = \frac{1}{25}$

$$0.04 = 4\%$$

$$4\% = \frac{4}{100} = \frac{1}{25}$$

20. **0.1**,
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
, **1**: **1**0

20. **0.1**,
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
, **1: 10** $10\% = \frac{10}{100} = \frac{1}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0.1 \\
10 & 1.0 \\
\underline{10} \\
0
\end{array}$$

21. 1:25 =
$$\frac{1}{25}$$
 = **0.04**

$$\begin{array}{r}
0.04 \\
25 | 1.00 \\
\underline{100} \\
0
\end{array}$$

22.
$$\frac{10}{400} = \frac{1}{40} = 1:40$$

23.
$$0.075 = 7.5\%$$

24. $17:34 = \frac{17}{34} = \frac{1}{2}$

24.
$$17:34 = \frac{17}{34} = \frac{1}{2}$$

25.
$$75\% = \frac{75}{100} = \frac{3}{4} = 3:4$$

26.
$$X = 35\% \times 750$$
 750
 $X = 0.35 \times 750$ $\times 0.35$
 $X = 262.5$ 3750
2250
262.5

27.
$$X = 7\% \times 52$$

 $X = 0.07 \times 52$
 $X = 3.64$

28.
$$X = 8.3\% \times 24$$

 $X = 0.083 \times 24$
 $X = 1.99$

29.
$$1:40 = \frac{1}{40} = 0.025$$

$$0.025$$

$$40 1.000$$

$$80$$

$$200$$

$$200$$

$$0$$

$$1:400 = \frac{1}{400} = 0.0025$$

$$400 | 1.0000$$

$$800$$

$$2000$$

$$2000$$

$$0$$

$$1: 4 = \frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

$$0.25$$

$$4 | 1.00$$

$$8$$

$$20$$

$$20$$

1:4 is the strongest solution.

30.
$$\frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
10 | 1.0 \\
10 \\
0
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{200} = 0.005$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
0.005 \\
200 | 1.000 \\
1000 \\
0
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{50} = 0.02$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
0.2 \\
50 | 1.000 \\
1000 \\
0
\end{array}$$

 $\frac{1}{10}$ is the strongest solution.

31.
$$1680 \times \frac{20}{400} = 1680 \times \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1680}{20} = \frac{168}{2} = 84$$

32.
$$\frac{4}{75} \div \frac{1}{300} = \frac{4}{75} \times \frac{300}{1} = \frac{1200}{75} = 16$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 75 \boxed{1200} \\ \underline{75} \\ 450 \\ \underline{450} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

33.
$$\frac{3}{15} \times 5 = \frac{15}{15} = 1$$

35.
$$0.6 \times \frac{200}{1.2} = \frac{120}{1.2} = 100$$

$$1.2 \boxed{120.0}$$

$$1.2 \boxed{120.0}$$

36.
$$11\frac{7}{9} \times 3 = \frac{106}{9} \times 3 = \frac{318}{9} = 35.33$$
35.33
9 318.00
27
48
45
30
27
30
27

37.
$$\frac{1}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} \times 2 = \frac{1}{8} \times \frac{3}{1} \times 2 = \frac{3}{8} \times 2 = \frac{6}{8} = \mathbf{0.75}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.75 \\ 8 \boxed{6.00} \\ \underline{56} \\ 40 \\ \underline{40} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

38.
$$\frac{7}{4} \times 12 = 21$$

39. $\frac{9}{0.6} \times 8 = \frac{72}{0.6} = 120$
120
0.6 72.0
6
12
12
120

40.
$$\frac{0.4}{0.1} \times 22.5 = 4 \times 22.5 = 90$$

41.
$$\frac{3}{8} \times 368 = 138$$
 nurses

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 × 368 = **46 maintenance/cleaners**

 $\frac{1}{4} \times 368 = 92$ technicians and 92 others

42.
$$125 \times 0.2 = 25$$
 g protein
$$125 \times 0.2 = 125 \times 0.05 = 6.25$$
 g fat
$$125 \times 0.05 = 6.25$$
 g fat
$$125 \times 0.05 = 6.25$$
 6.25 = 6.25

43.
$$308 \times 0.75 = 231$$
 points needed to pass 308 $\frac{\times 0.75}{2156}$ 2156 $\frac{1540}{231.00}$

44.
$$\frac{27 \text{ minutes}}{90 \text{ calories}} \times 200 \text{ calories} = \frac{20 \times 27 \text{ minutes}}{9} = \frac{540 \text{ minutes}}{9} = 60 \text{ minutes}$$

46.
$$60 \times 0.45 = 27 \text{ mg}$$

$$60 \times 0.45 = 300$$

$$240$$

$$27.00$$

47.
$$\frac{6.75 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ minute}} \times 42 \text{ minutes} = 6.75 \text{ mg} \times 42 = 283.5 \text{ mg of medication}$$
6.75

48.
$$60 \text{ kg} \times 0.05 = 3 \text{ kg}$$

Solutions Manual for Dosage Calculations Canadian 4th Edition by Pickar IBSN 9780176657154

Full Download: http://downloadlink.org/product/solutions-manual-for-dosage-calculations-canadian-4th-edition-by-pickar-ibsn-97 Instructor's Solutions Manual to Accompany *Dosage Calculations*, Fourth Canadian Edition

50. 10% of $150 = 0.10 \times 150 = 15$ 150 mg first dose

-15

135 mg second dose

-15

120 mg third dose

-15

105 mg fourth dose

-15

90 mg fifth dose

-15

75 mg sixth dose

6 total doses